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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DAT	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/815,856	03/23/200	John Zimmerman	US 010094	5812
24737	7590 11/	006	EXAMINER	
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P.O. BOX 30	001 F MANOR, NY	0510	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
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DATE MAILED: 11/20/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Assign Commence	09/815,856	ZIMMERMAN, JOHN				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hai Tran	2623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value of the reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 At	ugust 2006.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 3,10,19 and 20 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-2,4-9,11-18,21-24</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage	÷			
application from the International Bureau	` ''		•			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	nte				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application				

Art Unit: 2623

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 08/25/2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues, "even if the teaching of Herz and Mowry, were combined, the combined device would not include all the elements claimed, as the combined device would fail to report the recommendations to the user through the celebrity upon whom the recommendation were based."

In response, the Examiner respectfully disagrees with Applicant because as self-admitted by Applicant that Mowry clearly uses a celebrity to provide endorsement of products through "LIVE SHOW" per discretion of the producer, as such, the system able to introduce a "special guest", i.e., celebrity, to promote a product based on the demographic data (§0057, for example "LIVE SHOW Player profile; Flow A §0098, Flow B §0100 and Flow E §0106 of Fig. 2 and § 0107, § 0173 page 12). In view of that, Mowry clearly discloses the elements recited, i.e., "reporting the recommendation to the user through the celebrity."

Applicant further argues, "The Office action has failed to show where in the Herz reference it would be more desirable to have a celebrity verbally present the information regarding the desired television programs."

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by

combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Herz teaches the use of user profile to assist user to select the "best" product based on "celebrity profile" (see Col. 49, lines 1-6). On the other hand, Mowry teaches the use of a celebrity to endorse a product to certain category of users. In view of that the combination of Herz with the teaching of Mowry would yield to an effective system that effectively promotes goods and services to targeted viewers by taking the advantage of a celebrity attractiveness, celebrity-source likeability, as an endorser.

In view of that the Examiner maintains the rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-2, 4-9, 11-18, and 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Herz et al. (US 5758257) in view of Mowry (US 2001/0049625).

Art Unit: 2623

Claim 1, Herz discloses a method for making a recommendation in a lifestyle recommendation machine, the method comprising the steps of:

Providing a celebrity profile of a celebrity to a user (Col. 49, lines 1-6);

Making a recommendation to the user for an item service, and /or event based on the celebrity profile (Col. 47, lines 20-Col. 49, lines 5);

Herz does not clearly discloses "reporting to the user through the celebrity while simultaneously displaying an image of the celebrity."

Mowry discloses recommendation to the user for an item service, and /or event based on the celebrity endorsement, and reporting to the user through the celebrity while simultaneously displaying an image of the celebrity" ((§0057, for example "LIVE SHOW Player profile; Flow A §0098, Flow B §0100 and Flow E §0106 of Fig. 2 and § 0107, page 7, §0101-0102; page 8, §0120-0124 and page 12, §0173). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify. Herz of using celebrity appearances during the show for endorsing a product, as taught by Mowry, by taking the advantage of a celebrity attractiveness, celebrity-source likeability, as an endorser, so to effectively promote goods and services to targeted viewers.

Claim 2, the claimed recommendation being a recommendation of television programming is met by the discussion of a program being defined as a television program (Herz, Col. 4-6, Summary).

Art Unit: 2623

Claim 4, Mowry further discloses "wherein the image is a video of the celebrity and the reporting step comprises playing accompanying audio which announces the recommendation" (page 7, §0101-0102; page 8, §0120-0124 and page 12, §0173).

Claim 5, Herz in view of Mowry teaches all of that which is discussed above with regards to claim 1. Herz does suggest the use of a celebrity profile. Mowry reference teaches discloses live show host/celebrity appearances for product endorsement, which could conceivably include still images of hosts/celebrity (page 7, §0101-0102; page 8, §0120-0124 and page 12, §0173).

Neither the Herz nor Mowry references teach that the "image is a still image of the celebrity."

Therefore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include still images of .hosts/celebrity for endorsing a product, in order to correlate between the endorsed product and the associated celebrity image for targeting commercials to users.

Claim 6, Herz in view of Mowry teaches all of that which is discussed above with regards to claim 5.

Herz does suggest the use of a celebrity profile. Mowry reference teaches discloses live show host/celebrity appearances for product endorsement, which

Art Unit: 2623

could conceivably include still images of hosts (page 7, §0101-0102; page 8, §0120-0124 and page 12, §0173).

Neither Herz nor Mowry references teach that the "reporting step further comprises displaying a textual message which announces the recommendation."

Therefore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include textual message along with hosts/celebrity for endorsing a product, in order to correlate between the endorsed product and the associated celebrity image for targeting commercials to users.

Regarding claim 7, Herz in view of Mowry references teach all of that which is discussed above with regards to claim 5. Mowry reference further teaches the "reporting step further comprises playing accompanying audio which announces the recommendation, live show with celebrity participation (page 7, §0101-0102; page 8, §0120-0124 and page 12, §0173).

Claim 8, apparatus claim is analyzed with respect to method claim1.

Claim 9, Herz (Fig. 5, el. 508)in view of Mowry (Fig. 5, el. 190) further disclose wherein the lifestyle recommendation device is a television programming storage device.

Claim 11 is analyzed with respect to method claim 4.

Claim 12 is analyzed with respect to method claim 5.

Art Unit: 2623

Claim 13 is analyzed with respect to method claim 6.

Claim 14 is analyzed with respect to method claim 7.

Claim 15, a program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method step for making a recommendation in a lifestyle recommendation machine is analyzed with respect to method claim 1.

Claim 16, a computer product embodied in a computer readable medium for making a recommendation in a lifestyle recommendation machine is analyzed with respect to method claim 1.

Claim 17, Herz discloses a method for making a recommendation in a lifestyle recommendation machine, the method comprising the steps of:

Substituting a user profile based on explicit and/or implicit directions of a user with a celebrity profile of a celebrity to a user (Col. 49, lines 1-6);

Making a recommendation to the user for an item service, and /or event based on the celebrity profile (Col. 47, lines 20-Col. 49, lines 5);

Herz does not clearly discloses "reporting to the recommendation to the user through the celebrity while simultaneously displaying an image of the celebrity."

Mowry discloses "Making a recommendation to the user for an item service, and /or event based on the celebrity profile, and reporting to the user through the

celebrity while simultaneously displaying an image of the celebrity" (page 7, §0101-0102; page 8, §0120-0124 and page 12, §0173). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify. Herz of using celebrity appearances during the show for endorsing a product, as taught by Mowry, so to effectively promote goods and services to targeted viewers.

Claim 18, Herz in view of Mowry teaches all of that which is discussed above with regards to claim 17. Herz further discloses that a celebrity profile can be downloaded from an external source and used to suggest programming (col. 48, lines 55 - col. 49, lines 6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to substitute the user profile with that of a celebrity profile downloaded from an external source, in order to appeal to people's interest in celebrity programming choices.

Claim 21 is analyzed with respect to method claim 4.

Claim 22 is analyzed with respect to method claim 5.

Claim 23 is analyzed with respect to method claim 6.

Claim 24 is analyzed with respect to method claim 7.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 2623

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-7305. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christopher S. Kelley can be reached on (571) 272-7331. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

HT:ht 11/09/2006

> HAITRAN BUMABY EXAMINER